Cloud Computing Fun Facts



Interesting Cloud Trends

- By 2015, the Internet will connect 2.5 Billion people¹ and more than 15 billion devices².
- In the next 10 years the number of files enterprises deal with will grow by 75x3.
- More than 2% of electricity in the U.S. is consumed by datacenters⁴.
- It is expected that with the technology of today, the equivalent of about 45 new coal plans will be needed to power datacenters by 2015 without dramatic efficiency improvements⁵.
- A new server is added to the cloud for every 600 smartphones or 120 tablets⁶

Cloud Applications Researched at Intel

- Using cloud processing to decode brainwave patterns and create new user interfaces.
- Using high-performance processors in the cloud to run and stream high-end games with advanced graphics to any and all of your devices.
- Emergency response training by creating a massive, multiplayer 3D cloud game in which people play the roles of victims and responders.
- Understanding community water resource management by creating a multiplayer 3D cloud game in which people play the roles of community consumers and stakeholders.
- Using computation to automatically diagnose cancer, such as by capturing images of cells, comparing to massive databases of existing images, and identifying likely occurrences.

Other Possible Future Cloud Applications

- A "digital personal handler" wired into your glasses that see what you see, constantly pulls data from the cloud and whispers info to you during your day -- telling you who people are, where you can buy that cool thing you just saw, or how to adjust your plans when something new comes up.
- A universal translator like in Star Trek, that
 performs near-real-time translation with natural
 language processing in addition to sensors and
 context awareness technologies to provide
 accurate results, all processed with the could.
- Detecting <u>earthquakes</u> faster than sensing equipment, by monitoring the collective activity of social media tweets in a region, for better <u>disaster</u> response.
- Solving crimes through automated processing of pictures and video feeds recorded by social media as well as security cameras -- to find both suspects and missing people.
- Automatically deriving <u>scientific equations</u> that describe nature by analyzing behaviors.
- Mining astronomical data for interesting phenomena such as identifying new planets.
- Analyzing social networking sites and use of computer algorithms to decipher the mood of the general public to predict market fluctuations to direct stock trades
- Determining/predicting <u>biodiversity</u> trends in a region by automatically combining and analyzing numerous studies done by different scientist

¹ IDC "The Internet Reaches Late Adolescence" Dec 2009, extrapolation by Intel for 2015

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Intel Embedded & Communications Group forecast "Worldwide Device Estimates Year 2020 - Intel One Smart Network Work"

³ IDC Digital Universe Study, sponsored by EMC, June 2011

⁴ EPA Report to Congress on Server and Data Center Energy Efficiency; August 2, 2007

⁵ Power savings calculated based on projected performance improvements from Intel roadmap while keeping power / system flat. Moore's Law drives ~2x perf / 18 months. At 5 years, that equals 10X. We assume that compared to 2010, we're saving 9X (i.e, the

¹⁰x less the 1X for what you'll need). It assumes keeping power per system constant at 200W. Assuming 16M servers in 2015 based on Intel data – that means saving 16M x 9X x 200W (average system power) x 1.6 PUE = \sim 45GW. The estimated power/coal plant is 1GW 45GW = \sim 45 coal plants needed.

⁶ Intel and 3rd Party Analysis